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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/939,072	08/24/2001	Gregory M. Fehn	09798495-0030	4249	
26263	7590 09/30/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
SONNENSCHEIN NATH & ROSENTHAL LLP P.O. BOX 061080			NOLAN, SANDRA M		
WACKER DRIVE STATION, SEARS TOWER			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CHICAGO, IL 60606-1080			1772		
				DATE MAILED: 00/30/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	7
Office Action Summan		09/939,072	FEHN, GREGORY M.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
,		Sandra M. Nolan	1772	
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	
THE - External control	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we use to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a r within the statutory minimum of thirt rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing also of this communic	cation.
Status				
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Ju	ly 2004.		
		action is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowan	ce except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merit	s is
	closed in accordance with the practice under E.	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposit	ion of Claims			
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are pending in the application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>23-49</u> is/are withdraw	n from consideration		
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	i irom consideration,		
	Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected.			
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement		
	on Papers	orosaon roquirement.		
	•			
	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
10)[]	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	pted or b)∐ objected to b	y the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	n is required if the drawing(s miner. Note the attached	s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12 Office Action or form PTO-152	1(d).
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign p All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents		119(a)-(d) or (f).	
	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents			
,	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorit		eceived in this National Stage	
* \$	application from the International Bureau (
31	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of	the certified copies not re	eceived.	
Attachment	(s)			
1) 🛛 Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗍 Interview Sur	mmary (PTO-413)	
2) 🔲 Notice	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/	Mail Date	
Inform ل (ئ Paper	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Info	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
i. Patent and Tra	4.04)	on Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20040	
	S.I.So Activ	···	- artorraper No./Mail Date 20040	J3Z1

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims

1. Claims 1-49 are pending. Claims 23-49 have been withdrawn.

Allowability/Objection Withdrawn

2. The allowability of and objection to claims 4-9 is hereby withdrawn in order to apply the new grounds of rejection below.

Rejections Withdrawn

- 3. The 35 USC 112 rejection of claim 3 is hereby withdrawn in order to apply the new grounds of rejection below.
- 4. The 35 USC 102 rejection of claims 1-3 and 10-22 as anticipated by Fehn (US 5,693,283) is hereby withdrawn in order to apply the new grounds of rejection below.

New Rejections

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 1-3, 10-12, 14-17, 19 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Mehta (US 4,880,675).

Mehta teaches containers with polypropylene outer layers, oxygen barrier layers of EVON or nylon as intermediate layers and fluorinated polyethylene inner layers (see the abstract and claims 1-6 of the patent). The containers are blow molded, injection

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molded and thermoformed (col. 2, lines 14-18). The polyethylene is only 0.05 to 10 mils thick (claim 1 of the patent) because tit cannot withstand high hot fill temperatures (col. 2, line 55). There may be barrier coatings on the exterior and interior of the containers (col. 3, lines 62-65). The containers may hold aqueous methanol/limonene solutions (col. 4, lines 65-69).

The solutions described in col. 4 are deemed comestibles and chemicals.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 9. Claim 1-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mehta.

Mehta is discussed above.

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It fails to teach the amount of polypropylene recited in claims 4-6 and 8, the gloss layers of claims 7-8, and the adhesive layers as intermediate between the polyethylene and polypropylene layers.

In the absence of convincing objective evidence to the contrary, it would have been a matter of engineering choice to limit the amount of polyethylene used, employ several adhesive layers and employ glossy outer layers in the containers of Mehta.

The motivation to limit the amount of polyethylene is found at col. 2, lines 51-56 of Mehta, where polyethylene is said to be unable to withstand hot fill temperatures.

The motivation to employ several adhesive layers would be based on a desire to insure interlayer adhesion.

The motivation to make the outer layer glossy is based upon a desire to make the container more attractive.

It is deemed desirable to make containers that can be readily hot filled, have good interlayer adhesion and are attractive to consumers.

Double Patenting

10. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

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Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

11. Claims 1-22 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-21 of U.S. Patent No. 6,194,043B1 to Fehn in view of Mehta.

Fehn claims containers having a first layer or recycled polyethylene, a second layer of EVOH (claim 1) and a third layer of polypropylene (claim 4). The use of several tie layers between the olefin layers and the EBOH layer is claimed in claim 11. The use of reground scrap is recited in claim 12. The use of blow molding, thermoforming and injection molding is recited in claims 18, 19 and 20, respectively.

Fehn fails to claim the use of thin layers of polyethylene or fluorinated polyethylene.

Mehta teaches that polyethylene should be used in minimal amounts because it cannot withstand hot fill temperatures. At col. 2, lines 51-56 of Mehta teaches polyethylene to be unable to withstand hot fill temperatures. Mehta teaches fluorinated polyethylene inner layers (see the abstract and claims 1-6 of the patent)as having barrier properties (col. 3, lines 33-36).

The patents are analogous because they both deal with multilayer containers having polyethylene and polypropylene layers.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to employ the thinner, fluorinated polyethylene inner layers of Mehta in the Art Unit: 1772

containers of Fehn in order to keep the hot fill properties assured by thinner polyethylene layers and the barrier properties assured by the fluorinated polyethylene.

The motivation to employ thinner, fluorinated polyethylene inner layers of Mehta in the containers of Fehn is found at col. 2, lines 51-56 of Mehta, where the hot fill properties of polyethylene are taught, and in the abstract and claims 1-6 of the patent, where fluorinated polyethylene is taught.

It is desirable to make containers that can be filled at high temperatures and have barrier properties because of the presence of several barrier layers therein so that solutions that are prepared/maintained at higher temperatures can be stored therein.

Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-22 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be addressed to Sandra M. Nolan, at telephone number 571/272-1495. She can normally be reached Monday through Thursday, from 6:30 am to 4:00 pm, Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, her supervisor, Harold Pyon, can be reached at 571/272-1498.

The fax number for patent application documents is 703/872-9306.

S. M. Nolan

S.M. Nela

Primary Examiner

Technology Center 1700

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